

NAPROSYN SR®

pronounced nap-row-sin S-R

naproxen

Consumer Medicine Information

What is in this leaflet

This leaflet answers some common questions about NAPROSYN SR tablets.

It does not contain all the available information.

It does not take the place of talking to your doctor or pharmacist.

All medicines have risks and benefits. Your doctor has weighed the risks of you taking NAPROSYN SR tablets against the benefits they expect it will have for you.

If you have any concerns about taking this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

Keep this leaflet with the medicine.

You may need to read it again.

What NAPROSYN SR is used for

NAPROSYN SR belongs to a family of medicines called Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs (NSAIDs).

NAPROSYN SR relieves pain and reduces inflammation (swelling, redness and heat) associated with:

- different types of arthritis including rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis
- ankylosing spondylitis (a disease of the joints in the spine)
- general muscle and bone ailments such as sprains, strains, lower back pain (lumbago) etc.

Although NAPROSYN SR can relieve the symptoms of pain and

inflammation, it will not cure your condition.

Your doctor may have prescribed NAPROSYN SR for another purpose.

Ask your doctor if you have any questions why NAPROSYN SR has been prescribed for you.

This medicine is available only with a doctor's prescription.

NAPROSYN SR is not addictive.

Before you take NAPROSYN SR

When you must not take it

Do not take NAPROSYN SR if you have an allergy to:

- **NAPROSYN SR or any ingredients listed at the end of this leaflet**
- **aspirin or any other NSAID medicine including other naproxen containing medicines such as Synflex®, Naxen® or Naprogesic®.**

Many medicines used to treat headache, period pain and other aches and pains contain aspirin or NSAID medicines. If you are not sure if you are taking any of these medicines, ask your pharmacist.

Symptoms of an allergic reaction to these medicines may include:

- asthma, wheezing or shortness of breath
- swelling of the face, lips or tongue which may cause

difficulty in swallowing or breathing

- hives, itching or skin rash
- fainting

If you are allergic to aspirin or NSAID medicines and take NAPROSYN SR, these symptoms may be severe.

Do not take NAPROSYN SR if:

1. **aspirin or other NSAIDs have given you asthma, or rhinitis (hayfever symptoms such as runny nose, stuffiness, watery eyes, sneezing, itchy nose, throat and eyes) in the past**
2. **you are vomiting blood or material that looks like coffee grounds**
3. **you are bleeding from the rectum (back passage), have black sticky bowel motions (stools) or bloody diarrhoea**
4. **you have a peptic ulcer (i.e. stomach or duodenal ulcer), or have had peptic ulcers before**
5. **you have a tendency to spontaneously bleed or bleed when incurring minor accidents (haemorrhagic diathesis)**
6. **you have liver disease**
7. **you have recently had or are about to have heart bypass surgery**
8. **you are taking other medications which contain naproxen or naproxen sodium (e.g. Naprosyn®, Naprogesic®, Anaprox® or Inza®)**
9. **you have severe heart failure**

10. you are in the third trimester of pregnancy

Do not give NAPROSYN SR to a child under the age of 2 years

The safety and effectiveness of NAPROSYN SR in children under the age of 2 years has not been established.

Do not take NAPROSYN SR if the packaging is torn or shows signs of tampering.

Do not take NAPROSYN SR if the expiry date (EXP) printed on the pack has passed.

If you take this medicine after the expiry date has passed, it may not work as well.

If you are not sure if you should start taking NAPROSYN SR, contact your doctor.

Before you start to take it

Tell your doctor if:

1. you have any allergies to:

- any other medicines including aspirin or other NSAID medicines
- any other substances, such as foods, preservatives or dyes

2. you are pregnant or intend to become pregnant

NAPROSYN SR may impair fertility and is not recommended in women attempting to conceive. NAPROSYN SR may affect your developing baby if you take it during pregnancy.

If it is necessary for you to take NAPROSYN SR, your doctor will discuss the risks and benefits of taking it during pregnancy.

3. you are breast-feeding, or intend to breast-feed

NAPROSYN SR passes into breast-milk. The effect on the baby is not known.

4. you have or have had any medical conditions, especially the following:

- heartburn, indigestion, stomach ulcers or other stomach problems
- vomiting blood or bleeding from the back passage
- bowel or intestinal problems such as ulcerative colitis
- kidney or liver disease
- heart failure
- high blood pressure or heart problems
- swelling of the ankles or feet
- a tendency to bleed or other blood problems, such as anaemia
- rhinitis, nasal polyps
- you have a history of alcoholism
- you smoke
- you are on a low sodium diet
- you have low salt levels in your blood
- swelling of the face, lips, mouth, tongue or throat which may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing

5. you currently have an infection

If you take NAPROSYN SR while you have an infection, the tablets may hide some of the signs of an infection (eg pain, fever). This may make you think, mistakenly, that you are better or that it is not serious.

6. you plan to have surgery

NAPROSYN SR can prolong bleeding.

7. you are elderly

Older people may require a lower dose.

If you have not told your doctor about any of the above, tell them before you take any NAPROSYN SR.

Taking other medicines

Tell your doctor if you are taking any other medicines including any that you buy without a prescription from your pharmacy, supermarket or health food shop.

Some medicines may interfere with NAPROSYN SR. These include:

- antacids, medicines used to treat heartburn and indigestion
- aspirin, salicylates or other NSAID medicines
- cholestyramine, a medicine used to treat high cholesterol levels
- diuretics, also called fluid or water tablets
- lithium, a medicine used to treat some types of depression
- probenecid, a medicine used to treat gout
- phenytoin, a medicine used to treat epilepsy
- methotrexate, a medicine used to treat arthritis and some cancers
- sucralfate, a medicine used to treat and prevent stomach ulcers
- warfarin, a medicine used to prevent blood clots
- heparin, a medicine used to prevent blood clots
- medicines used to treat high blood pressure including ACE inhibitors, angiotensin receptor antagonists and beta-blockers.
- some medicines used to treat diabetes
- selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, also known as SSRIs, medicines used to treat some types of depression
- steroids, medicines used to treat inflammation
- zidovudine, a medicine used to treat HIV infection
- sodium bicarbonate, a medicine used to treat stomach upset or ulcers

These medicines may be affected by NAPROSYN SR, or may affect how well it works. You may need to take different amounts of your medicine, or you may need to take different medicines. Your doctor will advise you.

Your doctor and pharmacist have more information on medicines to be

careful with or avoid while taking NAPROSYN SR.

Ask your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure about this list of medicines.

How to take NAPROSYN SR

Follow all directions given to you by your doctor and pharmacist carefully.

They may differ from the information contained in this leaflet

How much to take

Take NAPROSYN SR exactly as your doctor has prescribed.

Your doctor will tell you how many NAPROSYN SR tablets to take each day.

The usual dose is one tablet once a day.

How to take it

Swallow NAPROSYN SR whole with a glass of water. Do not chew them.

When to take it

Take NAPROSYN SR at about the same time each day.

It does not matter whether you take NAPROSYN SR with food or not. However, if you take NAPROSYN SR after food this may help reduce the possibility of an upset stomach.

Taking your medicine at the same time each day will have the best effect. It will also help you remember when to take the tablets.

How long to take NAPROSYN SR

Do not take NAPROSYN SR for longer than your doctor says.

If you are taking NAPROSYN SR for arthritis, it will not cure your condition but it should help to control pain, swelling and stiffness. If you

have arthritis, NAPROSYN SR should be taken every day for as long as your doctor prescribes.

Ask your doctor if you are not sure how long to take NAPROSYN SR for.

If you forget to take NAPROSYN SR

If it is almost time for your next dose, skip the dose you missed and take your next dose when you are meant to. Otherwise, take it as soon as you remember and then go back to taking it as you would normally.

Do not take a double dose to make up for the dose that you missed.

If you have trouble remembering to take your medicine, ask your pharmacist for some hints.

If you are not sure what to do, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

If you take too much (overdose)

Immediately telephone your doctor or National Poisons Information Centre (telephone 0800 POISON or 0800 764 766) for advice, or go to Accident and Emergency at your nearest hospital, if you think that you or anyone else may have taken too much NAPROSYN SR. Do this even if there are no signs of discomfort or poisoning. You may need urgent medical attention.

If you take too much NAPROSYN SR, you may experience drowsiness, pain or tenderness in the stomach, stomach upset including nausea (feeling sick), vomiting, heartburn, indigestion or cramps.

While you are using NAPROSYN SR

Things you must do

If you become pregnant while taking NAPROSYN SR, tell your doctor immediately.

Tell all doctors, dentists and pharmacists who are treating you that you are taking NAPROSYN SR.

Ask your doctor or pharmacist before you start taking any new medicines.

If you are going to have surgery tell your doctor you are taking NAPROSYN SR.

If you are going to have any laboratory tests, tell your doctor that you are taking NAPROSYN SR.

NAPROSYN SR can affect the results of some of these tests.

If you get an infection while using NAPROSYN SR, tell your doctor.

NAPROSYN SR may hide some of the signs of an infection and may make you think, mistakenly, that you are better or that it is not serious. Signs of an infection may include fever, pain, swelling and redness.

Tell your doctor if, for any reason, you have not taken your medicine exactly as prescribed

Otherwise, your doctor may think that it was not effective and change your treatment unnecessarily.

Tell your doctor if you feel the tablets are not helping your condition.

Things you must not do

Do not give NAPROSYN SR to anyone else, even if they have the same condition as you.

Do not use NAPROSYN SR to treat other complaints unless your doctor tells you to.

Things to be careful of

Be careful driving or operating machinery until you know how NAPROSYN SR affects you.

As with other NSAID medicines, NAPROSYN SR may cause dizziness or light-headedness in some people. Make sure you know how you react to NAPROSYN SR before you drive a car, operate machinery,

or do anything else that could be dangerous if you are dizzy or light-headed. If this occurs do not drive. If you drink alcohol, dizziness or light-headedness may be worse.

Side Effects

Tell your doctor or pharmacist as soon as possible if you do not feel well while you are taking NAPROSYN SR.

NAPROSYN SR helps most people but it may have unwanted side effects in a few people.

All medicines can have side effects. Sometimes they are serious, most of the time they are not. You may need medical treatment if you get some of the side effects.

Ask your doctor or pharmacist to answer any questions you may have.

Tell your doctor if you notice any of the following and they worry you:

- stomach upset including nausea (feeling sick), heartburn, indigestion
- constipation, diarrhoea, pain in the stomach
- loss of appetite
- dizziness, light-headedness
- headache, drowsiness
- buzzing or ringing in the ears
- dry mouth
- aching muscles, muscle tenderness or weakness, not caused by exercise

These side effects of NAPROSYN SR are usually mild.

Tell your doctor immediately if you notice any of the following:

- bleeding or bruising more easily than normal, reddish or purplish blotches under the skin
- eye problems such as blurred vision
- severe or persistent headache

- fast or irregular heartbeats, also called palpitations
- difficulty hearing, deafness
- unusual weight gain, swelling of ankles or legs
- yellowing of the skin or eyes

These are serious side effects. You may need urgent medical attention. Serious side effects are rare.

Tell your doctor immediately, or go to Accident and Emergency at your nearest hospital if you experience any of the following:

- vomiting blood or material that looks like coffee grounds
- bleeding from the back passage (rectum), black sticky bowel motions (stools) or bloody diarrhoea
- severe pain or tenderness in any part of the stomach
- difficulty breathing, wheezing or shortness of breath
- swelling of the face, lips or tongue which may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing
- sudden or severe itching, skin rash, hives
- fainting, seizures or fits
- pain or tightness in the chest
- severe dizziness, spinning sensation
- flu-like symptoms and a rash on the face then an extended rash with a high temperature, increased levels of liver enzymes seen in blood tests and an increase in a type of white blood cell (eosinophilia) and enlarged lymph nodes.

These are very serious side effects. You may need urgent medical attention or hospitalisation. These side effects are rare.

This is not a complete list of all possible side effects. Others may occur in some people, and there may be some side effects not yet known.

Tell your doctor if you notice anything else that is making you

feel unwell, even if it is not on this list.

Ask your doctor or pharmacist if you don't understand anything in this list.

Do not be alarmed by this list of possible side effects. You may not experience any of them.

After using NAPROSYN SR

Storage

Keep your tablets in the blister pack until it is time to take them.

If you take the tablets out of the blister pack they will not keep well.

Keep the tablets in a cool dry place where the temperature stays below 30°C.

Do not store NAPROSYN SR or any other medicine, in a bathroom or near a sink.

Do not leave it in the car or on window sills.

Heat and dampness can destroy some medicines.

Keep it where children cannot reach it.

A locked cupboard at least one-and-a-half metres above the ground is a good place to store medicines.

Do not keep your tablets in the refrigerator.

Disposal

If your doctor tells you to stop taking NAPROSYN SR, or the tablets have passed their expiry date, ask your pharmacist what to do with any that are left over.

Product Description

What NAPROSYN SR looks like

NAPROSYN SR tablets are available in two strengths.

NAPROSYN SR 750 is a peach coloured oval tablet marked "NPR SR 750" on one side.

NAPROSYN SR 1000 is a peach coloured oval tablet marked "NPR SR 1000" on one side.

NAPROSYN SR 750 and 1000 come in blister packs of 28 tablets or bottles of 90 tablets.

Ingredients

Active ingredient:

naproxen

- each NAPROSYN SR 750 tablet contains 750 mg naproxen
- each NAPROSYN SR 1000 tablet contains 1000 mg naproxen.

Inactive ingredients:

- hypromellose
- magnesium stearate [470]
- the colour, Sunset Yellow

NAPROSYN SR does not contain sucrose, gluten, tartrazine or any other azo dyes.

Manufacturer

Distributor

Clinect NZ Pty Limited

C/- Ebos Group Limited

108 Wrights Road

Christchurch 8024

NEW ZEALAND

Telephone: 0800 138 803

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